

1. Consider the sequence: 2, 4, 6, 8, ...
- The first term is _____. We will denote this by $a_1 = 2$.
 - The second term is _____. We will denote this by $a_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - The third term is _____. We will denote this by $a_3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - The fourth term is the third term plus _____. We write $a_4 = a_3 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
So, $a_4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - The fifth term is the fourth term plus _____. We write $a_5 = a_4 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
So, $a_5 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - $a_6 = a_5 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - The next term in the sequence is always the current term plus _____.
 - The n th term is the $(n-1)$ st term plus _____.
 - $a_n = a_{n-1} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. (*This is called a difference equation.*)
 - We could have said, the current term is the previous term plus _____.
 - The $(n+1)$ st term is the n th term plus _____.
 - $a_{n+1} = a_n + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. (*This is also a difference equation.*)

This sequence can be defined by recursion via a difference equation:

$$a_1 = 2 \text{ and,}$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 2 \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

or equivalently, by

$$a_1 = 2 \text{ and,}$$

$$a_{n+1} = a_n + 2 \text{ for } n \geq 1.$$

This sequence can also be defined explicitly by the functional equation $a_n = 2n$.

2. Consider the sequence in the following table.

n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
b_n	3	8	13	18	23		

- Complete the table.
- Define the sequence recursively using a difference equation.
- Define the sequence explicitly using a functional equation.

3. Consider the sequence in the following table.

n	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
c_n	5	7	13	23	37	55			

- a. Complete the table.
- b. Define the sequence recursively using a difference equation.
- c. Define the sequence explicitly using a functional equation.

4. Consider the sequence in the following table.

n	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
d_n	32	40	50	62.5	78.1	97.7			

- a. Assume that the values of d_n are rounded to the nearest 0.1 and complete the table.
- b. Define the sequence recursively using a difference equation.
- c. Define the sequence explicitly using a functional equation.