

21.

a) Linear Programming Model

Materials	Tons Produced		tons available
	Fuel Additive	Solvent	
Material 1	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	20
Material 2	0	$\frac{1}{5}$	5
Material 3	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	20

To find the constraints I used the technique used on the golf bag problem and found:

$$\max 40x_1 + 30x_2$$

Such that

$$\frac{2}{5}x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 \leq 20$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x_1 \leq 5$$

$$\frac{3}{5}x_1 + \frac{3}{10}x_2 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

$x_1 = \#$  tons of fuel additive produced  
 $x_2 = \#$  tons of solvent produced

- 1) on graph
- 2) on graph
- 3) on graph

b) See graph paper for feasible solutions in shaded region. Then I plotted the line  $40x_1 + 30x_2 = 600$  on graph and the slid the line to find the optimal solution to be where lines 1) and 3) intersect at  $x_1 = 25$  tons,  $x_2 = 20$  tons. The maximum profit is  $40(25) + 30(20) = \$1600$ .