Theorem 4 Let **A** be an *m* x *n* matrix. Then the following statements are logically equivalent.

- a. For each **b** $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ **R**ⁿ, the equation $\boldsymbol{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ has a solution.
- b. Each $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ is a linear combination of the columns of \mathbf{A} .
- c. The columns of **A** span R^n .
- d. **A** has a pivot position in every row.

Some Algebraic Properties of Rⁿ

For all **u**, **v**, **w** \in R^{n} and all scalars *c* and *d*:

- (i) u + v = v + u
- (ii) (u + v) + w = u + (v + w)
- (iii) **u** + **0** = **0** + **u** = **u**
- (iv) **u** + (-u) = -u + u = 0 where -u denotes -1u
- (v) $c(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}) = c\mathbf{u} + c\mathbf{v}$
- (vi) $(c + d)\mathbf{u} = c\mathbf{u} + d\mathbf{u}$
- (vii) $c(d\mathbf{u}) = (cd)\mathbf{u}$
- (viii) 1**u** = **u**

Some Algebraic Properties of the Matrix-Vector Product

For all $m \times n$ matrices A, all $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$, and all scalars c:

- (i) A(u + v) = Au + Av
- (ii) $A(c\mathbf{u}) = c(A\mathbf{u})$