Name: _____

Write all of your responses on these exam pages.

1 Short Answer (10 Points Each)

1. Create a method called countLetters that takes in a string and a character as parameters and returns the number of times that character is in the string.

2. Create the method called factorial that takes in a long integer parameter n and returns a long with the value of n!. Remember that $n! = n \cdot (n-1) \cdot (n-2) \cdots 2 \cdot 1$ if n > 0 and 0! = 1. You may assume that the value of the parameter is not negative.

3. What are the three types of loops? For each type state if they are precondition or postcondition and what type of control they use.

- 4. Answer the following,
 - (a) What is a sentinel value?

(b) What is priming a loop?

5. Write a method called RollCount that will simulate the rolling of three die (6 sided). The method should roll the die as many times as necessary until all the die have the same value. The method should return the number of rolls it needed to do until all the die were equal.

2 Program Traces (15 Points Each)

1. For each of the given inputs, write the output of the program.

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
 2
3 public class Exam2_Trace1 {
 4
        public static void main(String[] args) {
\mathbf{5}
            Scanner kb = new Scanner(System.in);
6
\overline{7}
            System.out.print("n = ");
            int n = kb.nextInt();
8
9
            do {
10
                if (n % 2 == 0) {
11
                     System.out.println("*** A ***");
^{12}
13
                     n--;
                 } else {
14
                     System.out.println("*** B ***");
15
                     if (n % 3 == 0) {
16
                         System.out.println("*** C ***");
17
                         n = n / 2;
18
                     } else {
19
                         System.out.println("*** D ***");
20
                         n--;
n = n % 5;
21
22
                     }
23
^{24}
                 }
                System.out.println("n = " + n);
25
            } while (n > 0);
26
27
        }
28 }
```

(a) n = 18

(b) n = 33

(c) n = 31

2. For each input, write the output of the program.

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class Exam2_Trace2 {
4
        public static int DoSomething(int a, int b) {
\mathbf{5}
            System.out.println("In DoSomething: " + a + " " + b);
if (a > b)
6
            return a / b;
else
7
8
9
                 return a + b;
10
11
        }
12
        public static int DoSomethingElse(int a, int b) {
13
            System.out.println("In DoSomethingElse: " + a + " " + b);
14
            if (a == b)
15
                return a;
16
17
             else
                 return DoSomething(2 * b, a);
^{18}
^{19}
        }
^{20}
        public static void main(String[] args) {
^{21}
^{22}
            Scanner kb = new Scanner(System.in);
^{23}
             System.out.print("n = ");
^{24}
            int n = kb.nextInt();
            System.out.print("m = ");
^{25}
26
            int m = kb.nextInt();
^{27}
^{28}
            int t = DoSomething(m, n);
            int q = DoSomethingElse(m, n);
int r = DoSomethingElse(t, q);
^{29}
30
^{31}
32
            System.out.println(n + " " + m + " " + t + " " + q + " " + r);
33
        }
34 }
```

(a) n = 7m = 2

(b) n = 5m = 20

3 Coding (15 Points Each)

1. Write a program that will ask the user for the number of darts they would like to throw. Have the program simulate the throwing of that many darts on a square ranging from -1 to 1 in both the x and y directions. have the program find the ratio of the number of darts that within the unit circle, and then multiply this ratio by 4 to obtain an approximation to π . Finally have the program output the approximation to π . A couple sample runs are below.

Number of darts: 100000 Pi is approximately = 3.14464 Number of darts: 100000000 Pi is approximately = 3.14134584

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Exam02_1 {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 Scanner keyboard = new Scanner(System.in);

}

2. Write a program that will ask the user for a phrase and output the number of words that have at least 5 letters in it. An example run is below.

Input Phrase: Far out in the uncharted backwaters of the unfashionable end of the western spiral arm of the Galaxy lies a small unregarded yellow sun.

Number of words with at least 5 letters is 9

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Exam02_2 {

public static void main(String[] args) {
 Scanner keyboard = new Scanner(System.in);

}