Name: ____

Write all of your responses on these exam pages. If you need extra space please use the backs of the pages.

1 Short Answer

1. (10 Points) State the precise mathematical definitions of Big-O, Big- Ω , and Big- Θ . Also give the common meaning of each, specifically, what bound does it indicate?

2. (10 Points) Fill out the time complexity table below.

Algorithm	Best	Average	Worst
Bubble Sort			
Insertion Sort			
Selection Sort			
Quick Sort			
Merge Sort			
Linear Search on Array			
Binary Search on Sorted Array			

3. (5 Points) Using the definition of O(f(n)), prove that $T(n) = 2n^2 + 3n + 1$ is $O(n^2)$.

4. (5 Points) Write a recursive function that will compute the double factorial. The double factorial is defined as

$$n!! = n \cdot (n-2) \cdot (n-4) \cdots 1$$

and 0!! = 1. For example, 3!! = 3, 4!! = 8, 5!! = 15, 6!! = 48, 7!! = 105,

5. (5 Points) Write a templated recursive binary search function for an array, assume the array is already sorted.

6. (5 Points) Draw the binary search tree after the following values have been inserted in this order.

17, 3, 21, 5, 2, 19, 18, 32, 31, 25, 20, 7, 10, 9

2 Coding Exercises

1. (15 Points) Write four functions to be added to the (singularly linked) LinkedList class, the specifications to these are below. Your implementation should be written as functions that are outside the specification. No inline code.

```
void displayListRec();
void displayListRecRev();
void displayListRec(ListNode<T> *t);
void displayListRecRev(ListNode<T> *t);
```

• The functions

```
displayListRec() and displayListRec(ListNode<T> *t)
work together to print out the list to the console in order.
```

• The functions

displayListRecRev() and displayListRecRev(ListNode<T> *t)
work together to print out the list to the console in reverse order.

- displayListRec() is non-recursive, public, and does not print anything directly to the console. It simply does the appropriate call to displayListRec(ListNode<T> *t).
- displayListRec(ListNode<T> *t) is recursive, private, and prints the data to the console.
- displayListRecRev() is non-recursive, public, and does not print anything directly to the console. It simply does the appropriate call to displayListRecRev(ListNode<T> *t).
- displayListRecRev(ListNode<T> *t) is recursive, private, and prints.

With these added to the LinkedList class the following program will produce the following output. The data of the ListNode is stored in field named value.

```
Output:
int main() {
   LinkedList<int> list;
    list.appendNode(7);
    list.appendNode(2);
                                                 7 2 4 1 9 8
    list.appendNode(4);
    list.appendNode(1);
                                                 8 9 1 4 2 7
    list.appendNode(9);
    list.appendNode(8);
    list.displayListRec();
    cout << endl;</pre>
    list.displayListRecRev();
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

2. (20 Points) Write the implementation of the templated Quick Sort algorithm we did in class.

3. (25 Points) This exercise is to code portions of the integer binary search tree we discussed in class. The specification for the class is below.

```
class IntBinaryTree {
private:
    struct TreeNode
        int value;
        TreeNode *left:
        TreeNode *right;
    };
    TreeNode *root;
    void insert(TreeNode*&, TreeNode*&);
    void destroySubTree(TreeNode*);
    void deleteNode(int, TreeNode*&);
    void makeDeletion(TreeNode*&);
    void displayInOrder(TreeNode*) const;
    void displayPreOrder(TreeNode*) const;
    void displayPostOrder(TreeNode*) const;
    void IndentBlock(int);
    void PrintTree(TreeNode*, int, int);
public:
    IntBinaryTree() { root = nullptr; }
    ~IntBinaryTree() { destroySubTree(root); }
    void insertNode(int);
    bool searchNode(int);
    void remove(int);
    void displayInOrder() const { displayInOrder(root); }
    void displayPreOrder() const { displayPreOrder(root);
    void displayPostOrder() const { displayPostOrder(root); }
    void PrintTree(int Indent = 4, int Level = 0);
};
```

Code only the following functions. Your implementation should be written as functions that are outside the specification. No inline code.

- Write the insertNode and the insert functions that will collectively insert a node into the tree in the correct position.
- Write the searchNode function that will return true if the value being searched for is in the tree and false otherwise.
- Write the remove, deleteNode, and the makeDeletion functions that will collectively delete a node from the tree.

Your code for the insertNode and the insert functions.

Your code for the searchNode function.

Your code for the remove, deleteNode, and the makeDeletion functions.

3 Extra Credit

1. (5 Points) Prove that $T(n) = 2^{\sqrt{\lg n}}$ is $O(n^a)$ for any constant a > 0.