## SCORE\_\_\_\_\_

1. If 
$$\int_{1}^{5} f(x) dx = 12$$
 and  $\int_{4}^{5} f(x) dx = 3.6$ , find  $\int_{1}^{4} f(x) dx$ .  
[7.5 points]

2. A formula is given for the *n*th term  $a_n$  of a sequence  $\{a_n\}$ . Find its first 4 terms.  $a_n = \frac{(-1)^{n(n+1)/2}}{n+1}$ 

[5 points]

3. Write an expression for the nth term of the sequence

$$3, -1, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{27}, \dots$$

4. Find the limits (if possible) of the following sequence.

$$a_n = \frac{2n^2 + 5n + 1}{4n^3 + 6n}$$
 [7.5 points]

5. Set up but do not evaluate the integral that will produce the surface area of the solid formed by rotating the curve  $f(x) = \cos^2 x$  on the interval  $[0, \frac{\pi}{3}]$  about the x-axis. [7.5 points] 6. Show that the following series converges absolutely.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{(2n+1)^n}$$

[7.5 points]

7. Find the volume of the solid found by rotating the region bounded by

$$y = 1 - x^2, \quad y = 0$$

about the x-axis.

8. Determine if the following series is convergent or divergent.

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}$$

[10 points]

9. Find the following:

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x-4}{x^2 - 5x + 6} \, dx$$

[10 points]

10. Determine if the following series if convergent or divergent. If it is convergent, determine if it is conditionally or absolutely convergent.

(a) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^3}$$

[7.5 points]

(b) 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

11. Find the interval and radius of convergence for the following power series:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n}$$

[10 points]

12. Find a power series representation of the following function, centered at a = 0.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2-x}$$

13. Use Simpson's Rule to approximate the given integral with n = 4:

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt[3]{1+\cos x} \, dx$$

[7.5 points]

14. Approximate f by a Taylor polynomial of degree 4 at the number  $\pi/6$  and use Taylor's Inequality to estimate the accuracy of the approximation  $f(x) \approx T_4(x)$  when x lies in the interval  $[0, \pi/3]$ .

 $f(x) = \sin x$ 

[10 points]